INDEPENDENT & DEPENDENT CLAUSES

COORDINATION – COMPOUND OR COMPUND-COMPLEX SENTENCES

OPTION 1 COORDINATING

CONJUNCTIONS

INDEPENDENT CLAUSE **, and** INDEPENDENT CLAUSE

**, but**

**, for**

**, nor**

**, or**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

OPTION 2

INDEPENDENT CLAUSE [ **;** ] INDEPENDENT CLAUSE

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

OPTION 3 LONGER SHORTER

TRANSITIONAL WORDS TRANSITIONAL WORDS

INDEPENDENT CLAUSE **; consequently, ; hence** INDEPENDENT CLAUSE

**; further, ; so**

**; however, ; then**

**; indeed, ; thus**

**; in fact,** or **; yet**

**; instead,**

**; moreover,**

**; nevertheless,**

**; therefore,**

SUBORDINATION – COMPLEX OR COMPOUND-COMPLEX SENTENCES

OPTION 1 SUBORDINATING RELATIVE

CONJUNCTIONS PRONOUNS

INDEPENDENT CLAUSE **after** or **how** DEPENDENT CLAUSE

**although** **that**

**as** **what**

Commonly Used Subordinating Conjunctions

Continue List:

In order that

Provided that

So that

Whenever

Wherever

Even though

Even if

Rather than

Now that

Once

Rather than

**as if** **whatever**

**as long as** **which** 🡨 the subject is often understood

**as soon as** **who**

**as though** **whose**

**because** **whom**

**before** **whose**

**except whoever**

**if whomever**

**since**

**than** Subordinating conjunction – has a Subject & Verb.

**though** Prepositional phrase – has a Subject.

**unless**

**until**

**when**

**where**

**whereas**

**whether**

**while**

OPTION 2

The same relative pronouns (Beginning)

and subordination conjunctions DEPENDENT CLAUSE [ **,** ] INDEPENDENT CLAUSE

as in OPTION 1.

A PHRASE – Has a Subject or Verb. INDEPENDENT CLAUSE – CAN stand alone.

A CLAUSE – Has a Subject and Verb. DEPENDENT CLAUSE – CANNOT stand alone. It must follow a Subordinating

Conjunction or Relative Pronoun, and it must follow a subject and a verb.

SEMI-COLON [ ; ] – TWO INDEPENDENT CLAUSE